

EXHIBITADDENDUM GVR BOARD OF DIRECTORS

Insert Date approved by Board INVESTMENT POLICY STATEMENT

1. Introduction

In making investment decisions, the <u>Green Valley Recreation (GVR)</u> Board of Directors (the "Board"), Investments Committee, GVR's Chief Executive officer (the "CEO") and Chief Financial officer (the "CFO") and GVR's financial advisor(s), if any, shall act in good faith, with the care an ordinarily prudent person in a like position would exercise under similar circumstances and in a manner they reasonably believe to be in the best interests of Green Valley Recreation, Inc. (the "GVR) and manage the assets of GVR in accordance with the Arizona Prudent Investor Act (AZ Rev Stat § 14-10901 et. seq.) and the Arizona Management of Institutional Funds Act (AZ Rev Stat § 10-11801 et. seq.)

2. Purpose and Scope

The purpose of this Investment Policy Statement (the "IPS") is to provide a framework for ensuring that GVR investments are managed consistently with GVR's short-term and long-term financial objectives. At the same time, this IPS is intended to provide for sufficient investment flexibility to adjust to operational and market changes. Section 5 includes the detailed investment strategy and financial objectives for each Fund

The Investment funds include the following:

- a. Operating Cash Investments Account
- b. Initiatives Reserve Fund (IRF)
- c. Maintenance Repair/Replace Reserve Fund (MRF)
- d. Emergency Reserve Fund (ERF)

This IPS applies to all investments of GVR's excess operating cash and **Reserve Funds** and supersedes <u>Addendum Subsection 3 of the GVR's Corporate Policy Manual (CPM)</u> concerning investments.

3. Definitions

Defined words used in this IPS are capitalized and written in **Bold** typeface.

See Appendix A for definitions of defined words.

4. Management of Investments.

GVR's Board has fiduciary responsibility for GVR's investments.

The Board, Investments Committee, GVR's CEO and CFO and financial advisor(s), if any, are bound by (1) this IPS unless changed or amended by Board resolution and (2) all federal and state laws and regulations.

The responsible parties for day-to-day management of each investment account are as follows:

- a.- Operating Cash Investments Acct: GVR's CEO and CFO.
- b. -Initiatives Reserve Fund (IRF): The Investment Advisor. (IA).
- c.- Maintenance Repair/Replace Reserve Fund (MRF): The Investment Advisor.
- d.- Emergency Reserve Fund (ERF): The Investment Advisor.
- 5: Section 5 has been temporarily removed and will be separately reviewed by Committee and then inserted in the the final IPS

6. Permitted Investments:

- a. U.S. Treasury Bills, Notes and Bonds and Certificates of Deposit issued by a bank insured by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation
- b. Securities of Federal Agencies that carry the direct or implied guarantee of the U.S. Government including Federal Home Loan Bank, Federal Farm Credit Bank, Federal National Mortgage Association, Student Loan Marketing Association, World Bank and Tennessee Valley Authority.
- c. U.S. and foreign corporate bonds and notes denominated in US Dollars rated **Investment** Grade including short, medium- and long-term notes rated of Baa3 or better at time of purchase.
- d. Municipal bonds rated Baa3 or BBB- or better at time of purchase.
- e. U.S. corporate common stock.
- f. Small-Capitalization Stocks (defined as market-capitalization below \$2 billion) shall not represent more than 10% of the equity segment of any <u>GVR</u> **Fund**.
- g. International Stocks shall not represent more than 15% of the equity segment of any GVR Fund.
 - —American Depository Receipts (ADR) of a foreign corporation.

h.—

i. Investments in mutual funds, Exchange Traded Funds ("EFT") and index funds are permitted provided 85% or more of their investments are in permitted investments shown above and such funds do not use **Leverage**.

- j. Overnight investment in money market funds at GVR's bank and broker/dealer, if any, are permitted.
- k. REITS shall not represent more than 10% of the any GVR Fund.

7. All Finvestments NOT listed as Permittedspecified under Premitted Investments above are prohibited. -are Not permitted (For example)

- a. Derivatives other than foreign exchange contracts and swaps and interest rate swaps
- b.—Futures contracts and any commodities contracts
- c. Collateralized Debit Obligations (CDO)/Collateralized Mortgage Obligations (CMO) and similar collateralized debt instruments.
- d. Any bonds below Investment Grade (Baa3/BBB-) at time of purchase.
- e. Private notes
- f.—Hedge funds
- g. Options

8. Review and Monitoring

- a. GVR's <u>Board</u> of Directors is responsible for GVR's Investment policies, activities, and performance.
- b. The Chief Executive officer (CEO) shall have oversight of and the Chief Financial officer (CFO) is responsible for: a) Monitoring the activities of GVR's financial advisor(s) b) Day-to-day coordination with Advisor regarding investment activity and decisions.
- c. The Investments Committee's responsibilities are listed below.
 - Select, hire and terminate professional outside investment advisor(s) with notice to the CEO
 - 2) Revise GVR's Investment Policy Statement subject to Board approval
 - 3) Monitor, measure, and report on investment advisor's or advisors' performance(s) <u>using</u> the benchmarks specified in Section 5
 - a)—For Equities the following benchmarks shall be considered:
 - i. Russell 1000 (large-cap equities)
 - ii. Russell 2000 (small cap equities)
 - iii. MSCI EAFE (international equities
 - b) For Fixed Income the following benchmark shall be considered:
 - i. Bloomberg Barclays US Intermediate Govt/Credit Index
 - 4) Ensure GVR management implements and complies with GVR's Investment Policy Statement
 - 5) Meet at least once each calendar quarter to perform its assigned duties and report to the Board.

9. The responsibilities of the Client

- a. The client will authorize the CEO and CFO specific employees to serve as liaisons between the Client and Advisor.
- b. Client's authorized staff is responsible to ensure the smooth transition of the Clients investment portfolio to Advisor.
- c. Client's authorized staff will oversee that the Advisor's reporting requirements are met.
- d. Client's authorized staff will ensure that communications to Advisor from Client's Board of Directors or Investments Committee are presented to Advisor in a timely manner.
- e. Client's authorized staff will facilitate the Advisor's face-to-face and videoconference presentations to Client's Board of Directors or Investments Committee.
- f. Any proposed changes to this investment policy statement will be discussed with the Advisor promptly.

g. The client will inform the Advisor, as soon as possible of anticipated additions to or withdrawals from the Portfolio.

10. The responsibilities of the Advisor

- a. Any deviation from <u>this IPS</u> these <u>guidelines</u> will be discussed in advance with the Client unless market conditions require immediate action.
 - The Advisor will, within these guidelines this this IPS, have full discretion to buy, sell, invest and reinvest in assets on behalf of the Client.
- b. Advisor has a fiduciary responsibility to make investment decisions based upon what is best for the Client and within Investment Policy <u>GuidelinesStatement</u> approved by the Client, the Advisor will have discretion to buy, sell, invest, and reinvest in investment assets on behalf of the Client, with notification to the Client of such transactions.
- c. The Investment Advisor will make in-person presentations about the Client's investment portfolio to the Client's Board of Directors and/or Investments Committee in Green Valley, AZ at Advisor's expense at least twice a year, unless otherwise mutually agreed in writing between Advisor and Client.
- d. The Advisor will participate in audio and/or videoconference meetings with the Client's Investments Committee on a quarterly basis each year, when not meeting in person, unless otherwise mutually agreed in writing between Advisor and Client.
- - —4.- Transactions (occurring during the calendar-quarter),
 - 5.- Performance net of any and all fees, expenses, and charges (as of the end of the calendar-quarter), and
 - <u>6.- Comparative Investment Benchmarks, shown above in Section 5. (as of the end of the calendar-quarter).</u>
- **iif.**-These account statements will be delivered shortly after the end of each calendar-quarter.

811. Remediation
a) a. If an IA is in violation of one or more of the Investment Constraints described above for a period of time greater than fifteen consecutive business days, then:
I. i. The Chairman of the GVR Investment Committee is to be immediately notified. The Chairman shall conduct an- Investment Committee- meeting, along with the IA, to discuss the go-forward strategy due to the out of compliance issue. This shall happen within 10 business days of -notification- under 8a
II. ii. The IA is to be brought back into compliance within fifteen business days of initial discovery, or by the timeline specified by the IC in section 8a (i).
III. iii. Once the IA is back in compliance, the Chairman of the GVR Investment Committee is to be immediately notified.
b) b. If an IA fails to achieve its Investment Objective (identified above under Section 5.), then the:
I. i. Chairman of the GVR Investment Committee is to be immediately notified and
 ii. GVR Investment Committee is to meet within -one- calendar to develop a recommendation on what actions, if any, should be taken to remedy this failure. d.
11. Acknowledgments
We, the Board of Directors, recognize the importance of adhering to this Investment Policy Statement and agree to fulfill its objectives to the best of our ability.
On behalf of the Board of Directors

Green Valley Recreation, Inc. Board of Directors

President

Date

APPENDIX A – Definition of Terms

Investment Policy Statement Green Valley Recreation, Inc.

Investopedia.com is the primary source of definitions. Some definitions have been paraphrased or they are a composite from several sources.

American Depository Receipt (ADR) is a negotiable certificate issued by a U.S. bank representing a specific number of shares (or one share) in a foreign stock that is traded on a U.S. exchange. ADRs are denominated in U.S. Dollars, with the underlying security held by a U.S. financial institution overseas. This is an excellent way to buy an investment in a foreign-based company while realizing any dividend and capital gains in U.S. Dollars. However, ADRs do NOT eliminate currency, economic and country risks attributable to the foreign-based company. There are other ADR risks too. Consult your financial advisor(s).

<u>Asset Class</u> means a group of securities that exhibit similar characteristics. The three (3) main asset classes are stocks, fixed income securities (bills, notes, bonds & other debt) and cash and cash equivalents. Some investment professional would include real estate and commodities and, possibly, other types of investments. Whatever the asset lineup, each one is expected to reflect different risk and return characteristics and will perform differently.

<u>Asset Allocation</u> is an **Investment Strategy** aimed to balance risk and reward by apportioning a portfolio's assets according to an investor's goals, **Risk Tolerance**, and investment time horizon. There is no simple formula that can find the right asset allocation for every investor. However, the consensus among most financial professionals is asset allocation is one of the most important decisions an investor can make. In other words, an investor's selection of individual securities is secondary to the way investments are allocated among the various securities.

<u>Capital Appreciation</u> is a rise of an asset price based on a rise in market price.

<u>Credit Rating</u> is a grade composed of a letter or letters and numbers given to a particular security by a **Nationally Recognized Statistical Rating Organization** (a credit agency) that ranks investment according to its ability to meet its obligations.

<u>Diversification</u> is a process of allocating capital in a way that reduces exposure to any one particular asset or risk.

Fund or Fund's and Funds or Funds' means operating cash investments and each Reserve Fund.

<u>Investment Grade</u> is a **Credit Rating** that indicates the issuer of a debt security has relatively low probably of default. In the case of stocks, investment grade indicates the financial soundness of the issuer. The investment industry has well-established credit rating standards for investment grade.

<u>Investment Strategy</u> is an investor's plan of attack to guide its investment decisions based on its goals, **Risk Tolerance** and future needs for invested money. The components of most investment strategies include **Asset Allocation**, buy and sell guidelines and **Risk Tolerance**. Investment strategies can differ greatly from a rapid growth strategy to a **Capital Appreciation** strategy. The most important part of an investment strategy is that it aligns with the investor's goal and it is followed closely by the investor and his financial advisor.

<u>Leverage</u> is the use of various financial instruments or borrowed capital such as margin to increase a potential return of an investment.

<u>Liquidity</u> means how quickly and easily an investment can be converted into cash.

<u>Nationally Recognized Statistical Rating Organization (NRSRO)</u> is a term used by the U.S. Federal government in several regulatory areas to define a credit rating company like Standard & Poor's, Moody's, Fitch and others.

Rebalancing is the process of realigning the weightings of a portfolio's assets to match its **Asset Allocation** model's weightings. Over time, the prices of investments rise and fall unevenly thus changing the weighting of a portfolio's assets. For example: If an **Asset Allocation** model is 40% stocks, 50% fixed income and 10% cash and the current portfolio assets are distributed 45% stocks, 35% fixed income and 20% cash, rebalancing buys and sells investments to align the current portfolio's asset weightings with the **Asset Allocation** model. If a different **Asset Allocation** model is applied to a portfolio, rebalancing adjusts the portfolio's assets to the new **Asset Allocation** model's weightings.

<u>Reserve Fund and Reserve Funds</u> mean a reserve fund as defined in GVR's Corporate Policy Manual, Section V- Fiscal/Accounting, Subsection 2 – Reserve Policy – adopted 11/18/2014, subparagraph B – Maintenance Of GVR Financial Reserve System Updated 8/25/15.

<u>Risk Tolerance</u> is an investor's willingness to risk a potential loss for a potential gain. For example: How comfortable is an investor taking a potential 10% loss for a potential gain of 20%? The investor's risk tolerance is tested at various levels of loss v. gain to assess the investor's overall tolerance for risk and reward.

<u>Volatility</u> is the dispersion of a security's price from its mean price over time. A high deviation from a security's mean indicates high volatility. A low deviation indicates low volatility. Commonly, higher the volatility means higher the risk.